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Suspected seizures and convulsions: Cross-sectional study in East Midlands Ambulance Service

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Background

- Suspected convulsions/seizures include epilepsy and other conditions.
- Incidence of around 1% in the UK.
- Up to 30% repeat pre-hospital calls.
- Costs NHS approximately £56.2million for hospital admissions alone.
- Improved management could save lives and NHS costs.

Research Questions

- **Pre-hospital care of patients after a suspected seizure: incidence and patient characteristics**
- **What are the predictors of transport to hospital?**

It is possible that a large proportion of patients transported to hospital EDs after a seizure would be suitable for out-patient management

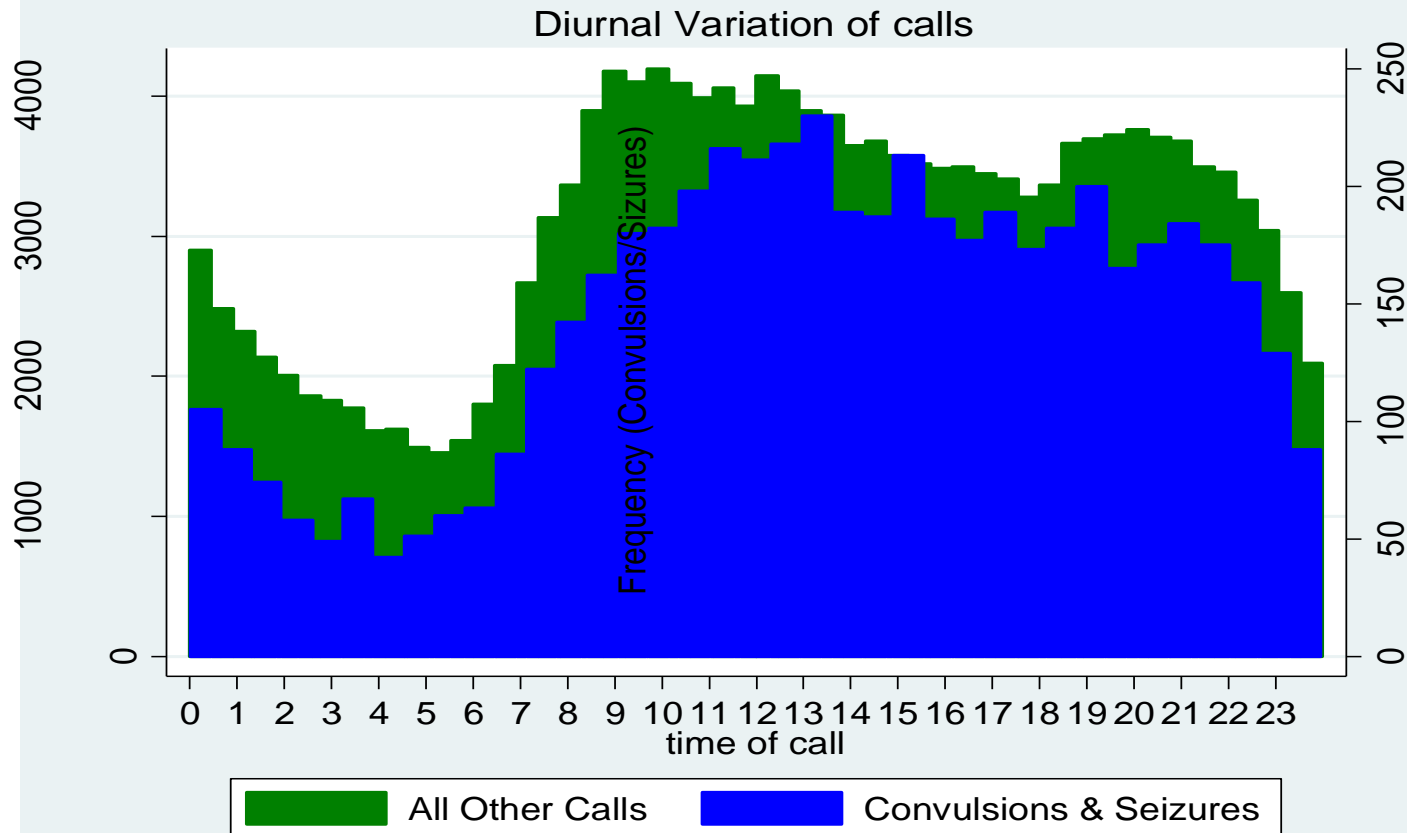
Inclusion-Exclusion Criteria

- **Age: Adult patients (≥ 16 years)**
- **One year: 1st August 2011 - 31st July 2012**
- **Chief complaint– Convulsions/fits.**
- **EMAS ePRF and paper scanned PRF.**

Descriptive Results

Rank	Protocol AMPDS	EMAS	EMAS %
1	17:FALLS	29,390	13.91
2	10:CHEST PAIN (NON-TRAUMATIC)	18,501	8.76
3	6:BREATHING PROBLEMS	14,931	7.07
4	26:SICK PERSON (SPECIFIC DIAGNOSIS)	11,551	5.47
5	31:UNCONSCIOUS / FAINTING (NEAR)	9,115	4.31
6	12:CONVULSIONS / FITTING	6,306	2.98
7	23:OVERDOSE / POISONING (INGESTION)	5,923	2.8
8	21:TRAUMATIC INJURIES (SPECIFIC)	5,141	2.43
9	30:HAEMORRHAGE / LACERATION	4,908	2.32
10	28:STROKE (CVA)	4,871	2.31
Total (all incidents)		211317	-

Descriptive Results



Descriptive Results

	All cases		Suspected Convulsions and Seizures only		
	N=172831	Col %	N=4884	Col %	χ^2
Sex					
Female	88137	51.0%	2096	42.9%	P<0.001
Male	77580	44.9%	2571	52.6%	
missing	7114	4.1%	217	4.4%	

Descriptive Results

	All cases		Suspected Convulsions and Seizures only		
	N=172831	Col %	N=4884	Col %	χ^2
Ethnicity					
Asian	1547	0.9%	46	0.9%	
Black	654	0.4%	13	0.3%	
Mixed Other	771	0.4%	29	0.6%	p=0.376
White	90289	52.2%	2735	56.0%	
missing	79570	46.0%	2061	42.2%	

Descriptive Results

	All cases		Suspected Convulsions and Seizures only		
	N=172831	Col %	N=4884	Col %	χ^2
Age group					
16-33	29253	16.9%	1725	35.3%	
34-49	25733	14.9%	1483	30.4%	
50-64	26487	15.3%	850	17.4%	p<0.001
Over65	91358	52.9%	826	16.9%	

Descriptive Results

	All cases		Suspected Convulsions and Seizures only		
	N=172831	Col %	N=4884	Col %	χ^2
IMD Rank					
Most 1	18840	10.9%	724	14.8%	p<0.001
2	10479	6.1%	317	6.5%	
3	7981	4.6%	228	4.7%	
4	7653	4.4%	218	4.5%	
Least 5	5073	2.9%	113	2.3%	
Missing	122805	71.1%	3284	67.2%	

Descriptive Results

	All cases		Convulsions and Seizures only		
	N=172831	Col %	N=4884	Col %	χ^2
AVPU					
Alert	131998	76.4%	2653	54.3%	
Voice	6519	3.8%	815	16.7%	
Pain	1942	1.1%	286	5.9%	p<0.001
Unresponsive	4332	2.5%	301	6.2%	
Missing	28040	16.2%	829	17.0%	

Descriptive Results

X² Statistic : p>0.05

Statistically Non-significant Variables

Airway	Ethnicity
ECG	
Urban or Rural	
O ₂ Saturation	

X² Statistic :Comparing convulsions/fitting with all other cases p<0.001

Statistical Significant Variables

Supplementary oxygen

GCS

Diazepam

Response priority
(red , green)

NEWS score (0,1,2,3)

Blood glucose

Respiratory rate

Heart rate

Systolic BP

Temperature

Time spent on scene

Regression Analysis

Treated and Transported	Coef.	P-value	[95%	Interval]
Age group				
34-49	0.05	0.07	0	0.1
50-64	0.08	0.01	0.02	0.14
over65	0.05	0.1	-0.01	0.12
<i>Normal vs Abnormal</i>				
respiratory rate	0.07	0.02	0.01	0.13
temperature	0.09	0	0.05	0.13
heart rate	0.11	0	0.07	0.16
supplementary oxygen (Y/N)	0.05	0.02	0.01	0.09
GCS (15:<15)	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02
diazepam (Y/N)	0.17	0	0.08	0.26

Research in progress

- Develop innovative models of care that could improve quality and cost effectiveness of emergency care for suspected seizures in the NHS.
- Apply for further funding.

Acknowledgments

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- Dr. Jon Dickson and Prof. Niro Siriwardena.

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